









WHO WE ARE

- Francesco Colangelo and Giorgio Crescenzo
- Team of Liceo Scientifico G. Da Procida (Salerno, Italy)

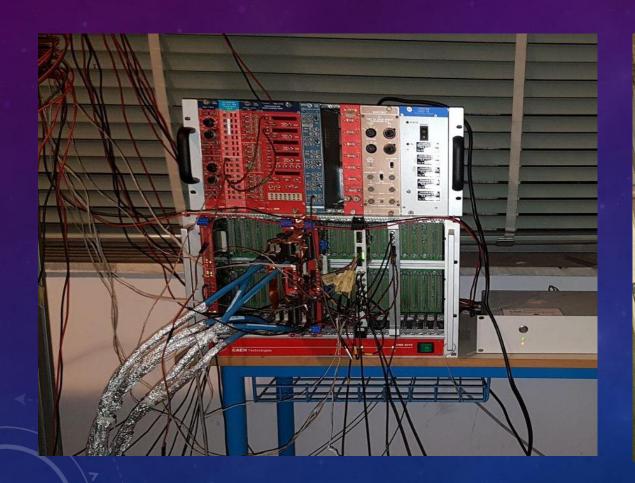








WHO WE ARE – OUR TELESCOPE











WHO WE ARE – OUR GROUP









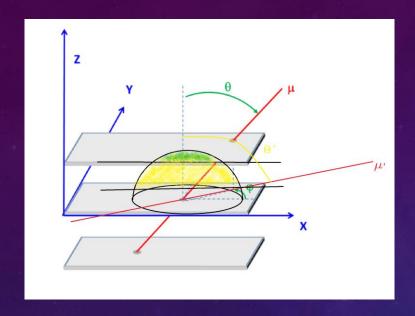
OBJECTIVE

Our aim is to first show the experimental zenithal distribution from the data taken with our telescope (SALE-01) and then correct it by using the generated MC distribution



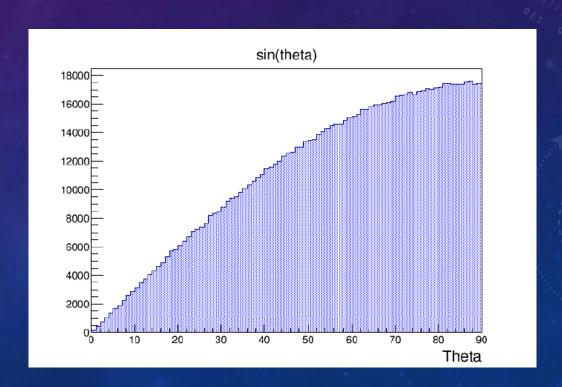


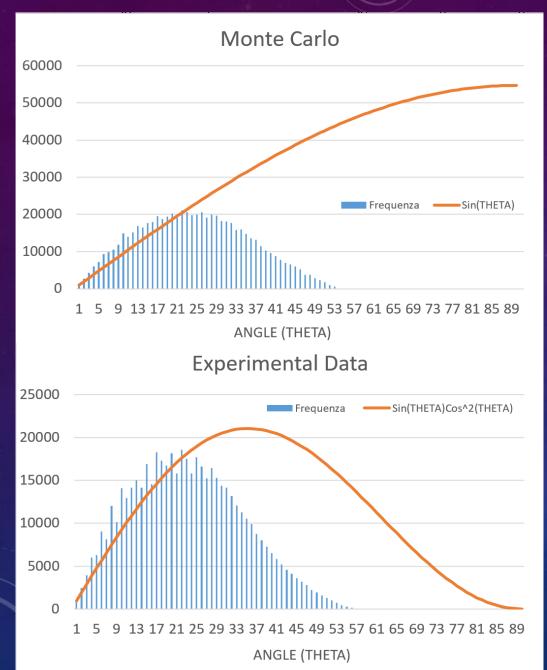




Since angular distribution means flux of muons falling within a specific angle, a wider angle will lead to a wider area and the isotropic function will resemble a sinusoidal path

The first step is to simulate a MC distribution; an isotropic distribution of the zenith angle should correspond to a sin(theta) function







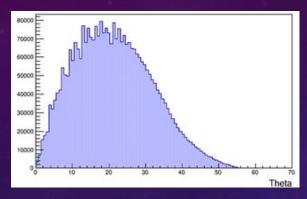




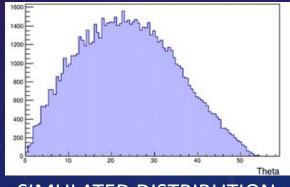
The most inclined muons are more easily absorbed by the atmosphere and this is clear by looking at this plot (greater theta values are suppressed)

The zenithal distribution is further modified by the telescope acceptance, that is not able to detect all the track directions

How To Correct Data With Simulated Distribution



EXPERIMENTAL DISTRIBUTION $sin(\theta)cos^2(\theta)$



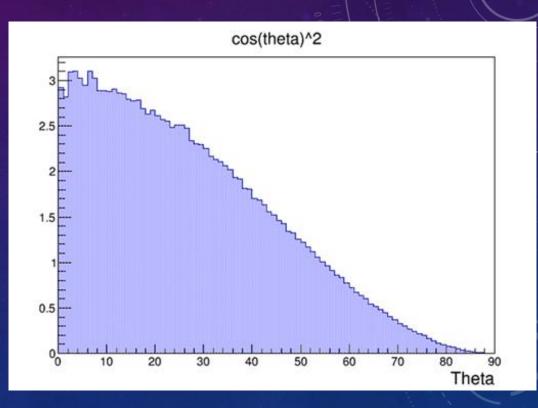
SIMULATED DISTRIBUTION $sin(\theta)$





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REAL ZENITHAL ANGULAR DISTRIBUTION $\cos^2(\theta)$

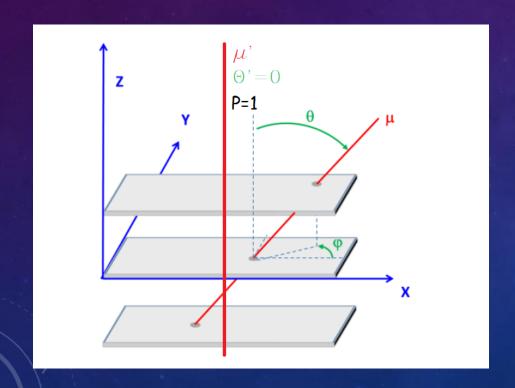








The aim of this operation is to underline how the atmosphere and the angular acceptance can affect the distribution of the muons belonging to the showers



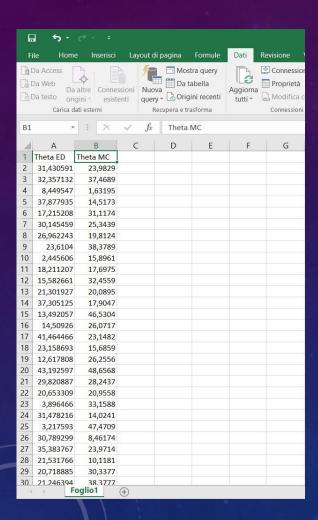
It is a cosinusoidal path as particles falling perpendicular to the ground will have a higher chance of being detected by the telescope





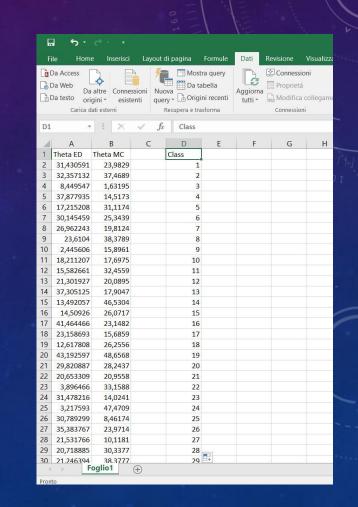


How to plot histograms



Firstly, we import the experimental and the simulated data into an Excel sheet...

... Then we add the classes containing the frequency of the distribution

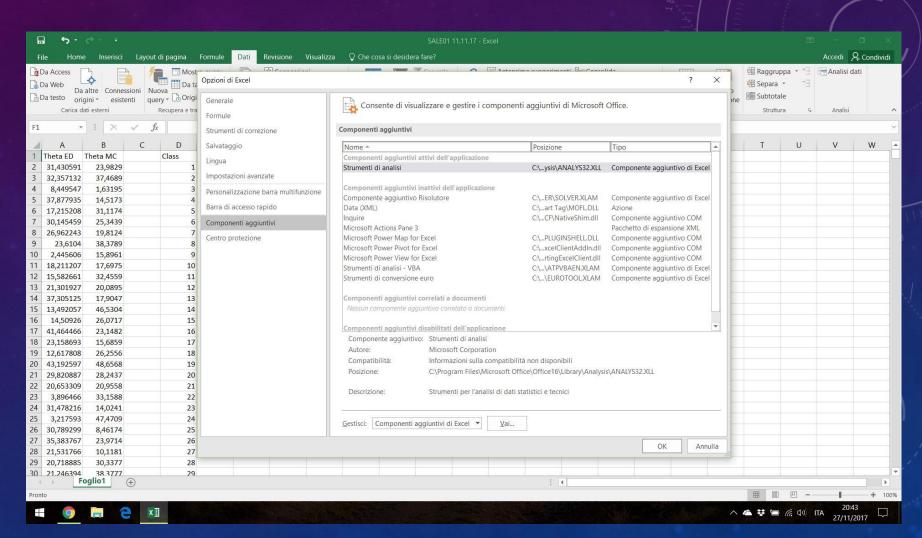




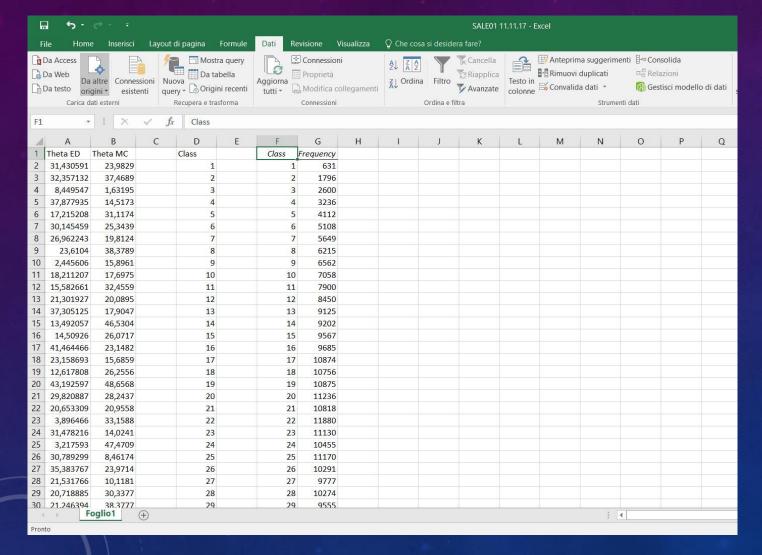




Open the data analysis form that should be enabled in the Excel's option menù



Francesco Colangelo, Giorgio Crescenzo - Liceo "G. Da Procida"







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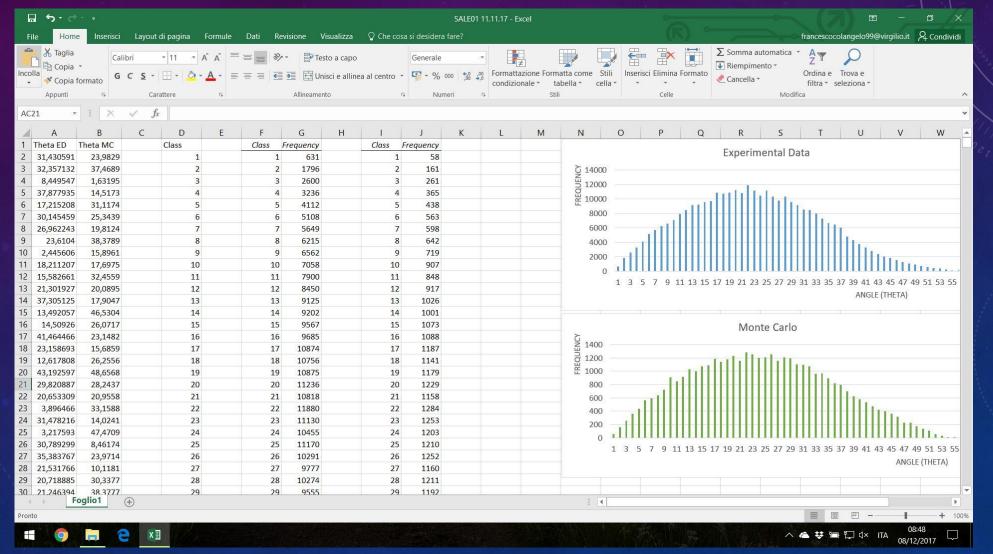
Launch the data analysis and select the 'histogram' option, repeating the process for both the series of data







The Resulting Graph Is

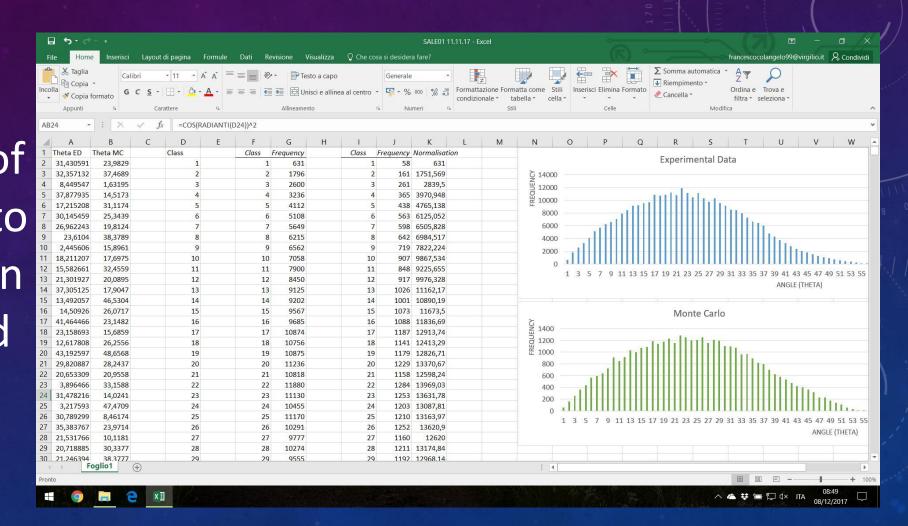








Since the simulated data have a much smaller amount of events, we have to normalise them in order to proceed with the mathematical operations

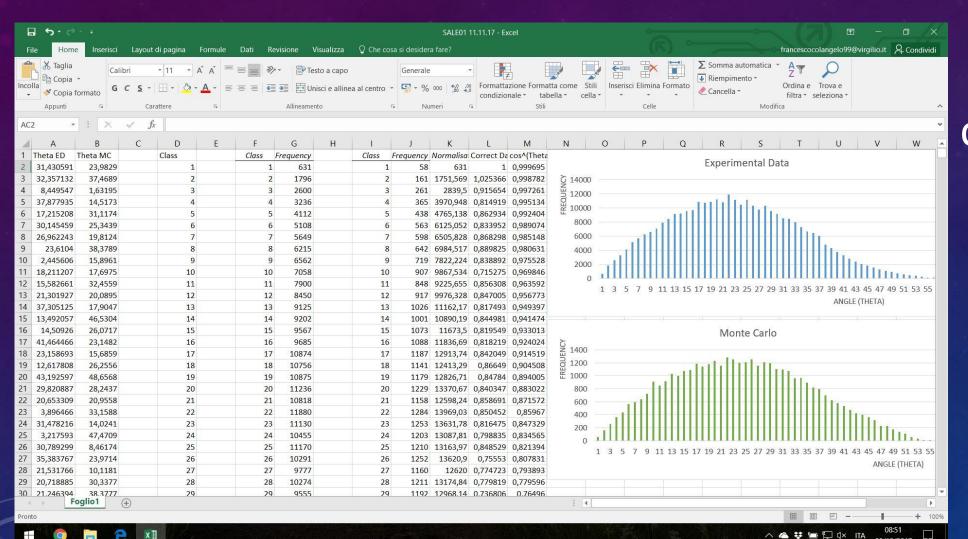












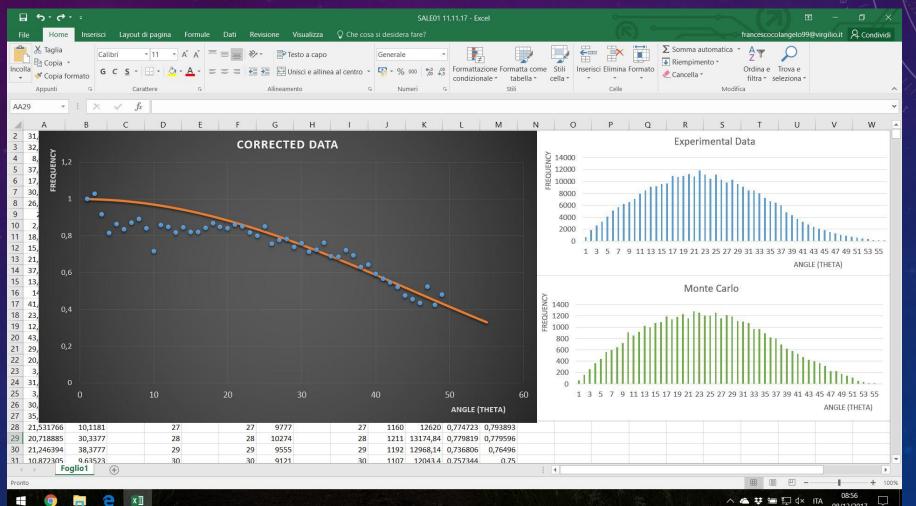
To obtain the corrected data, we divide the experimental data by the Monte Carlo data







Final Angular Distribution Compared To A Cos^2(Θ) Function











Day-By-Day Graphic Evolution

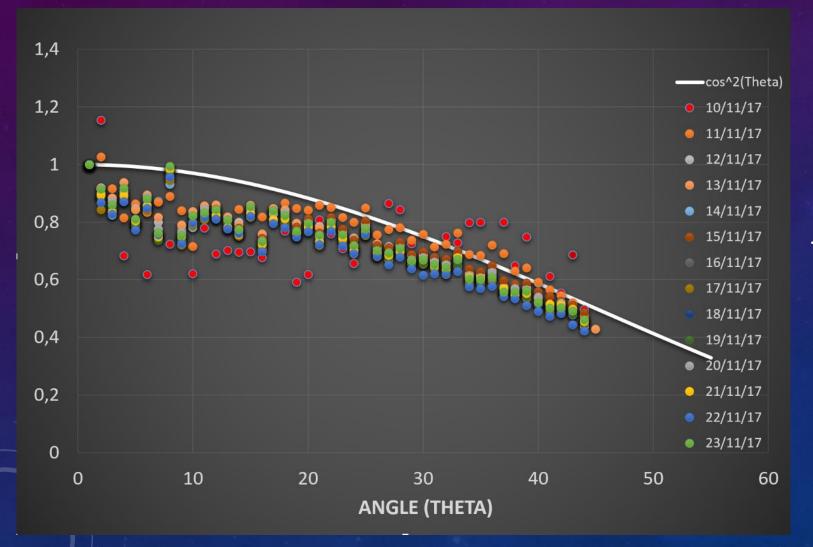








In Conclusion...



...Using This Analysis We Can Notice That The Maintenance The Telescope Was Undergoing On 10/11 and 11/11 Produced An Irregularity In The Graph







Thank You For Your Attention!

- > Colangelo, Francesco
- > Crescenzo, Giorgio

L.S.S. "Giovanni Da Procida"; 'SALE-01' EEE Telescope