

The Extreme Energy Event network Status and Perspectives

Ivan Gnesi for the EEE Collaboration

The Extreme Energy Event network

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Introduction

EEE is an extended and inhomogeneous array for the search of Long Distance Correlations among EAS





Secondary cosmic rays



- + solar activity-CR relation
- + EAS study
- + CR anisotropies
- + climate-CR relations

Expected by several models - GZ - Massive DM decays - topological defects - many others

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Introduction

Present status:

Total **53** telescopes

- 47 inside high schools buildings
- 2 at CERN
- 4 inside INFN and Universities
- 49 sites selected for the upgrade
- 6 new telescopes in 2017
- over a surface of $3\ 10^5\,km^2$
- covering 10° in latitude and longitude



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Mostly organized In <mark>12 clusters</mark> for EAS detection

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The Multigap Resisitve Plate Chamber (see M.P. Panetta talk)

Same technology used for the Time Of Flight (TOF) measurement at ALICE (LHC)

6 gas gaps 250-300 μm

 $C_{2}H_{2}F_{4}$ (98%) / SF_{6} (2%) mixture

18-20 kV working voltage

24 strips per chamber, 2.5 cm pitch

The signal induced on the strips is the sum of the 6 gaps signals



The avalanche time is very short \rightarrow time resolution



The EEE station



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The EEE station



Some EEE telescope installations

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Data Treatment

Data are automatically sent to INFN CNAF, reconstructed and processed by DQM





> 50 billions tracks with $\chi^2 < 10$ have been collectected for analysis

The data collection rate is at present 25 billions/y → increasing

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RUN-4 starting on October 2nd

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Results – Forbush Decreases

Forbush Decreases and solar activity



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Results – Forbush Decreases

Extreme Energy Events

preliminary





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CR anisotropies @ TeV scale

+ Dipole (10-3) : relative motion/well defined sources?
+ Multipole (<10-4): local turbulent magnetic field component ?



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Results – subTeV anisotropies

EEE stations are suitable for studying TeV CR anisotropies

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With the present preliminary dataset **no evidences of anisotropies** at the level of the available **2%** resolution

with the whole statistics, at least factor 100 \rightarrow 0.2% resolution expected

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Results – Studies on EAS



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Studies on EAS

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Results – Studies on EAS (see F. Coccetti talk)



Coincidences observed up to 1500 m for all telescopes pairs

Coincidence time is corrected according to the µ arrival directions.



The correction is:



008Åtries

17600

17400

17200

17000

16800

-10000-8000 -6000 -4000 -2000

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This enhance S/B ratio.

Corsika simulation

confirms the observed coincidence rate for all the telescope pairs.

1182 m
6 σBetter efficiency
corrections to be
evaluated.

Acceptance taken into account



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Results – Studies on EAS (see F. Coccetti talk)



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EAS Long Distance Correlation

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Long Distance Correlated EAS (LDC EAS) have not yet been observed

only hints from LAAS collaboration N.Ochi et al., J.Phys. G: Nucl.Part.Phys. 29(2003)1169. Y.Fujiwara et al., Nucl.Phys. B (Proc.Suppl.) 151(2006)481. A.Iyono et al., 32nd ICRC 2011, doi:10.7529/ICRC2011/V01/0063.



EEE array:

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12 clusters 66 cluster pairs distances from 100 to 1200 km

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Analysis approach:

- each cluster identify EAS
- searching for time coincidences among EAS observed at the various clusters for decreasing time windows
- measuring the background of spurious coincidences
 - at the shortest time window

- testing residual events probability to belong to background distribution (p-value)

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Few events observed with

Pvalue<0.05

with time differences and opening angles compatible with a LDC-like event topology

Event	EEE pairs	Distance	$\Delta \mathbf{t}$	ϑ_{rel}	Expected	р-	UTC Time
		(km)	(μs)	(deg)	events	value	
(A)	BOLO - CAGL	614	86	27.1	0.0069 ± 0.0002	0.007	26.11.2015 19h 07' 16"
(B)	BOLO - LAQU	290	740	9.1	$0.014 {\pm} 0.001$	0.014	25.03.2016 18h 31' 05"
(C)	CATA - TORI	1040	88	9.2	0.0265 ± 0.0005	0.026	09.01.2016 06h 42' 15"
(D)	GROS - TORI	377	297	14.4	0.032 ± 0.001	0.031	04.06.2016 02h 31' 08"
(E)	CERN - CATA	1200	248	9.3	$0.049 {\pm} 0.001$	0.048	15.02.2016 01h 28' 29"
(F)	CAGL - CERN	817	690	8.7	0.073 ± 0.002	0.070	26.02.2016 09h 21' 58"
(G)	CERN - SAVO	285	99	6.1	$0.108 {\pm} 0.001$	0.102	24.11.2015 12h 35' 47"
(H)	CAGL - SAVO	566	99	19.9	0.115 ± 0.001	0.109	08.04.2015 00h 02' 50"
(I)	BOLO - CERN	450	73	19.4	$0.1194{\pm}0.0001$	0.112	03.05.2016 06h 46' 35"
(L)	LAQU - SAVO	453	760	10.9	$0.142 {\pm} 0.003$	0.132	13.12.2015 21h 43' 00"

The EEE network is being extended and optimized in order to increased the total exposure of one order of magnitude within the next RUNs

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EEE is a non-omogeneous array of high time resolution tracking telescopes (MRPCs)
 Main scope is the observation or limit extraction for EAS Long Distance Correlations

Present situation:

- **53 telescopes** (increasing at rougly 10% rate per year)
- 10 degrees lat/long coverage
- 12 clusters / 66 cluster pairs
- 10° lat/long span
- **50 billion tracks** in 2 years of data taking

Items under study

- Solar activity survey via CR flux (FD mainly)
- Sub-TeV anisotropies (no observation at 2% level \rightarrow next RUN below 1%)
- Upward muon flux
- EAS Long Distance Correlation → few events with low p-value observed: increased statistics with the next RUN

Upgrade activities:

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- Array extension
- EAS energy identifications (sw)
- Super-clusters

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Thanks to the installation of telescopes in High Schools EEE has a strong outreach impact. Didactic activities on CR at schools and students involvment in the experiment!

BACKUP SLIDES

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The Multigap Resisitve Plate Chamber (see M.P. Panetta talk)



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20000

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Results – Forbush Decreases



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Track Rate time trending (χ^2 <10) corrected







(get Ascension (degrees)

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Results – subTeV anisotropies

EEE stations are suitable for studying TeV CR anisotropies → local IMF features → relative motion (Compton Getting) already observed effects to be 10⁻³-10⁻⁵ (e.g. ICECUBE @ 100 TeV max)



Correction map \rightarrow scrambling method

20 randomly generated tracks per each real track over 24 h

Corrected Map Its the ratio between the raw data and correction map

A preliminary analysis using <mark>110 Mevs</mark> (now 50 billions available) have been performed