



POLA-R v2.0

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Introduction

A new version of POLA-R detector is proposed

- to improve tracking and general performances
- to evaluate the possibility to expand in the future the number of "telescopes" of the EEE network



Maintain the idea of 2 planes O(10) cm apart, but replace the 4 scintillator tiles of a plane with 8 scintillator bars

(DISCLAIMER nothing fixed yet!!!)



With σ_{t} = 250 ps time resolution (CAEN)

2 SiPM per strip (16 channels per plane) $\rightarrow \sigma_x = 3.35$ cm

Simulation results assuming $\sigma_x = 2.38$ cm $\sigma_y = 1.8$ cm

Improved efficiency evaluation (4 SiPM for strip)



Assuming an event selection as the AND of the two side (side \rightarrow OR of 2 SiPM) it is possible to estimate from data the efficiency of each SiPM as a function of the position *x*

Example studying SiPM 4:

By requiring 1,2,3 fired in the same strip it is possible:

- To reconstruct *x*
- To measure the fraction of events seen also by 4 (vs *x*)

Differently from previous setting this is a real efficiency under the assumption that strip width is negligible w.r.t. Length (eff. independent of y)



Proposed time schedule

Short term:

CREF together with INFN-Bologna -> preliminary tests on the performance on a single scintillator bar, 5x60 cm2 and four SiPM, with data acquisition via Oscilloscope

Development of readout program, refined trigger implementation, analysis program, interface with EEE database.

Build two planes with 8+8 scintillator bars and tests

Complete a new POLAR detector with a light tight box and mechanical details (check of cooling)

Measure cosmics ray in Bologna and bring it to a school (Lampedusa ?)

Long term:

Possibility to restart the school involvement in "detector construction", as done at CERN for POLA-R in 2018



Toy model-resolution rate



Rate atteso (E > 100 MeV, 2 piani con efficienza 0.95): 26.86 muoni/s

Effect of resolution on reconstruction

