

Super-calculus and physics of strong interactions

[2/2016 - 2/2018]

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Description of the Project

► A twofold project

- Exploration of the **SM** precision limits in Flavour Physics & Search of footprints of **BSM** physics.

Study of the hadronic (QCD) contribution to weak interaction processes in synergy with the current huge investment in experimental resources (**LHCb, Charm and B factories**).

- Probe **new strong interaction** effects responsible for a mechanism of dynamical generation of fermion masses (unrelated to the Higgs mechanism).

Study of fundamental **non-perturbative** effects in both projects requires numerical Monte Carlo simulations on **supercomputing platforms**.

Simulations on large architectures + optimised parallelisation

- **BG/Q Juqueen** (Jülich) and **Fermi**-Cineca (Bologna)
- **Intel Xeon** of **Marconi**-Cineca (platforms A1, A2) and **Galileo**-Cineca
- **Intel Xeon Haswell SuperMUC**-Leibniz Supercomputing Center (Munche)
- **BG/Q Turing** (IDRIS - CNRS)
- **algorithms**: Hybrid Monte Carlo + many tricks for acceleration

[Prace Early and 4th, 10th, 13th regular calls (2011, 2013, 2015, 2016)
& Gauss Center for Supercomputing (GCS) (2014, 2016)]

Synthesis of results & publications in 2016

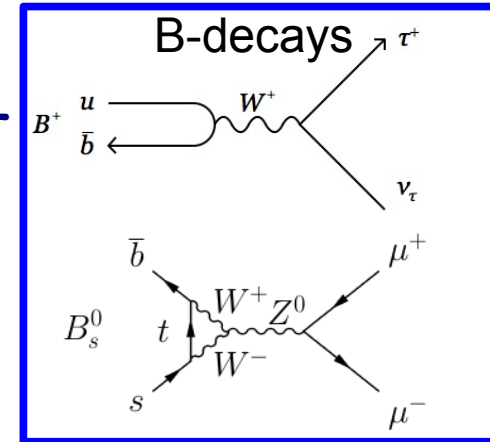
- **Lattice QCD simulations with four dynamical flavours**
- Present CPU limitations do not allow direct (reliable) simulations at m_b
- However **clever combination of lattice observables with HQET leads to optimal control of discretisation effects even at the scale of b-quark mass.**

| observable | f_{B_s} | f_B | f_{B_s}/f_B | m_b | m_b/m_c | m_b/m_s |
|-------------|-----------|-------|---------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| precision % | 2.2 | 3.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.8 | 2.7 |

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- High precision Lattice QCD results**

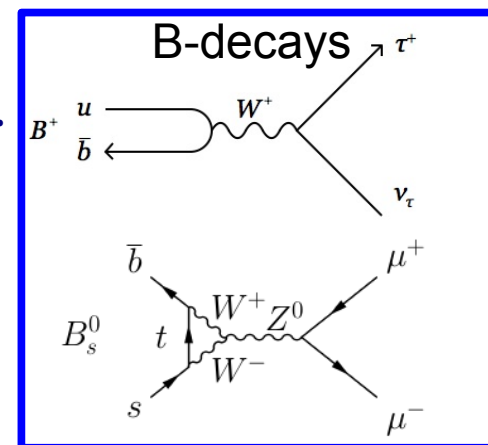
- B-meson decay constant lattice determinations are required for full interpretation of the BR of the respective decays studied in **LHCb and BelleII** (extract relevant info on **CKM matrix elements**). Theoretical -Lattice QCD- achieved precision is currently higher than the experimental one.

- Non-perturbative precise determinations of heavy quark masses, m_b and m_c , needed in the accurate calculation of Higgs decays in quark-antiquark pair (**LHC**)

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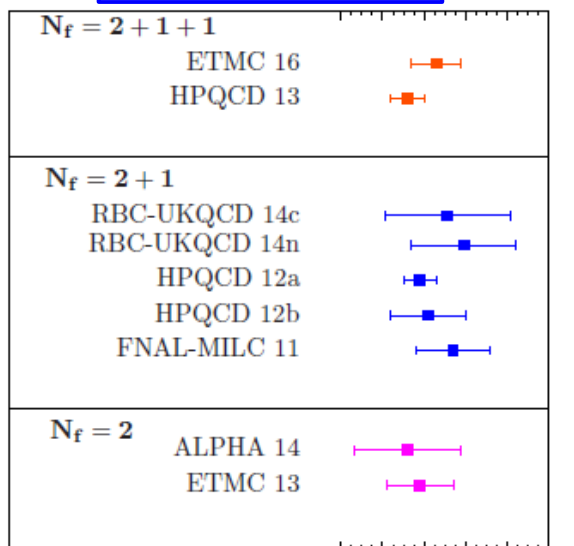
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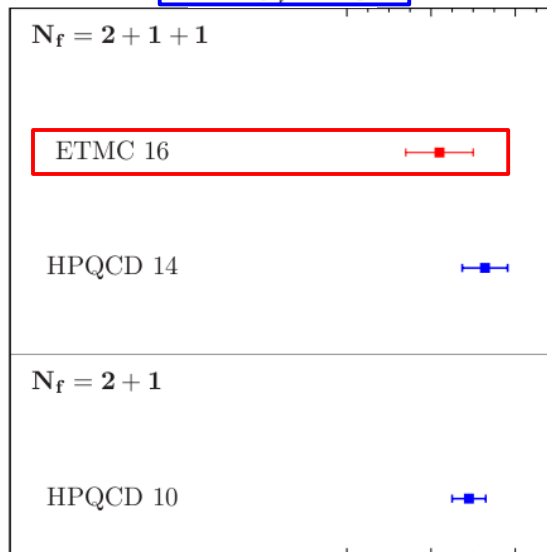
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f_B [MeV]



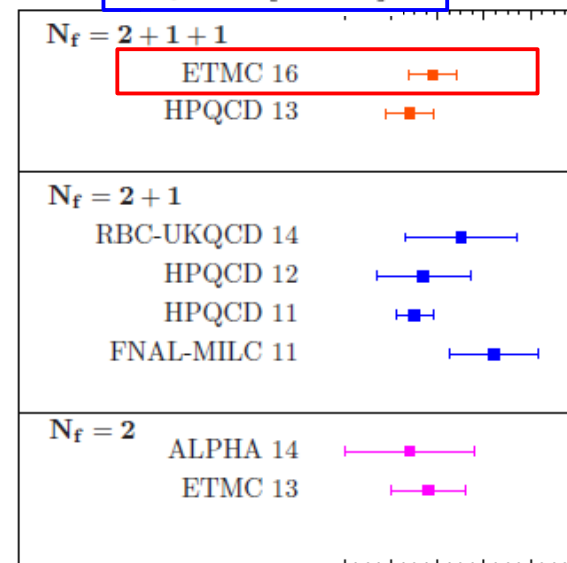
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m_b/m_c



4.2 4.4 4.6

f_{B_s} [MeV]



210 220 230 240 250 260

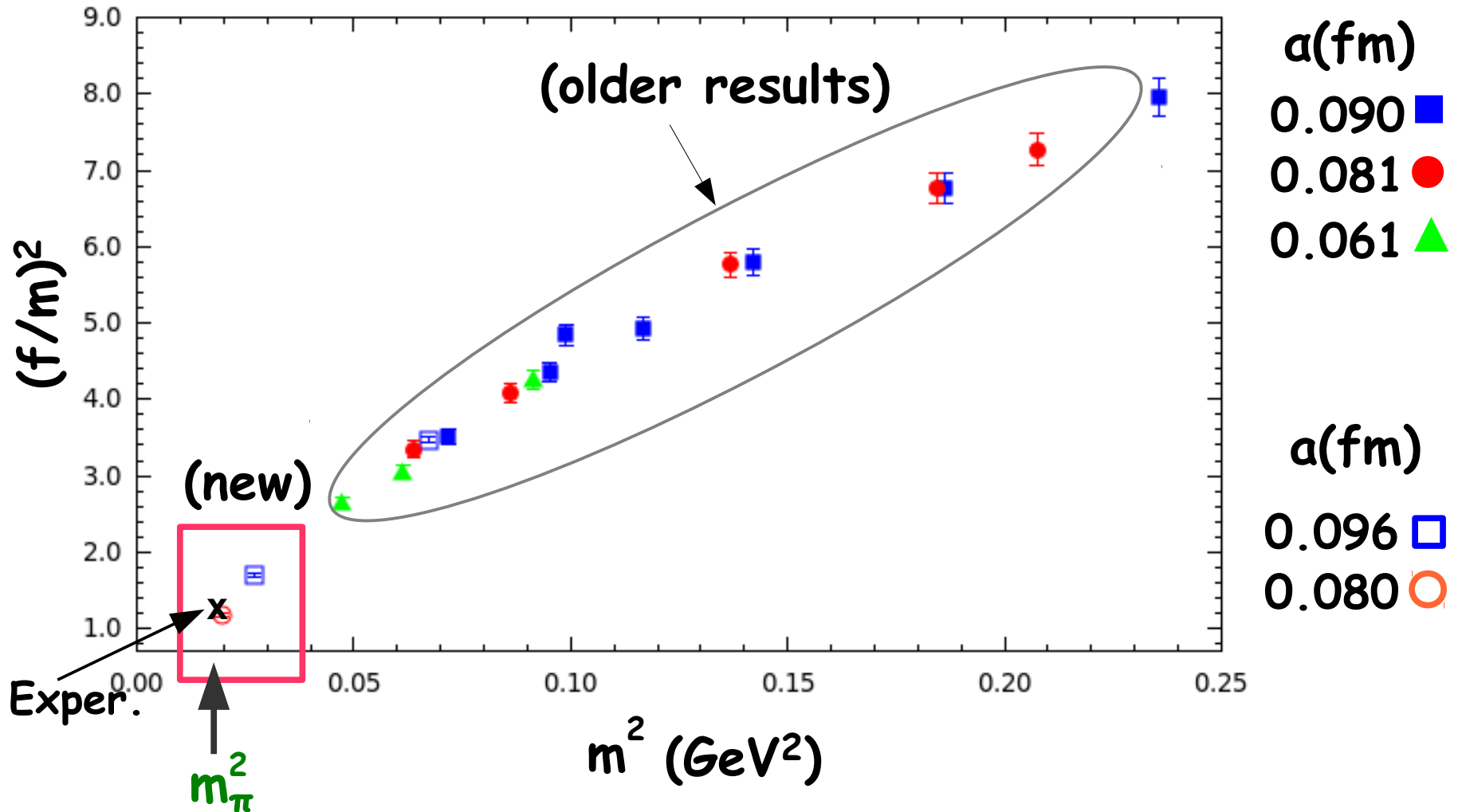
LQCD simulation reproducing physical pion mass physics

Employing two and four dynamical flavours

2 papers submitted to *Phys.Rev. D*
+ PoS LATTICE 2016

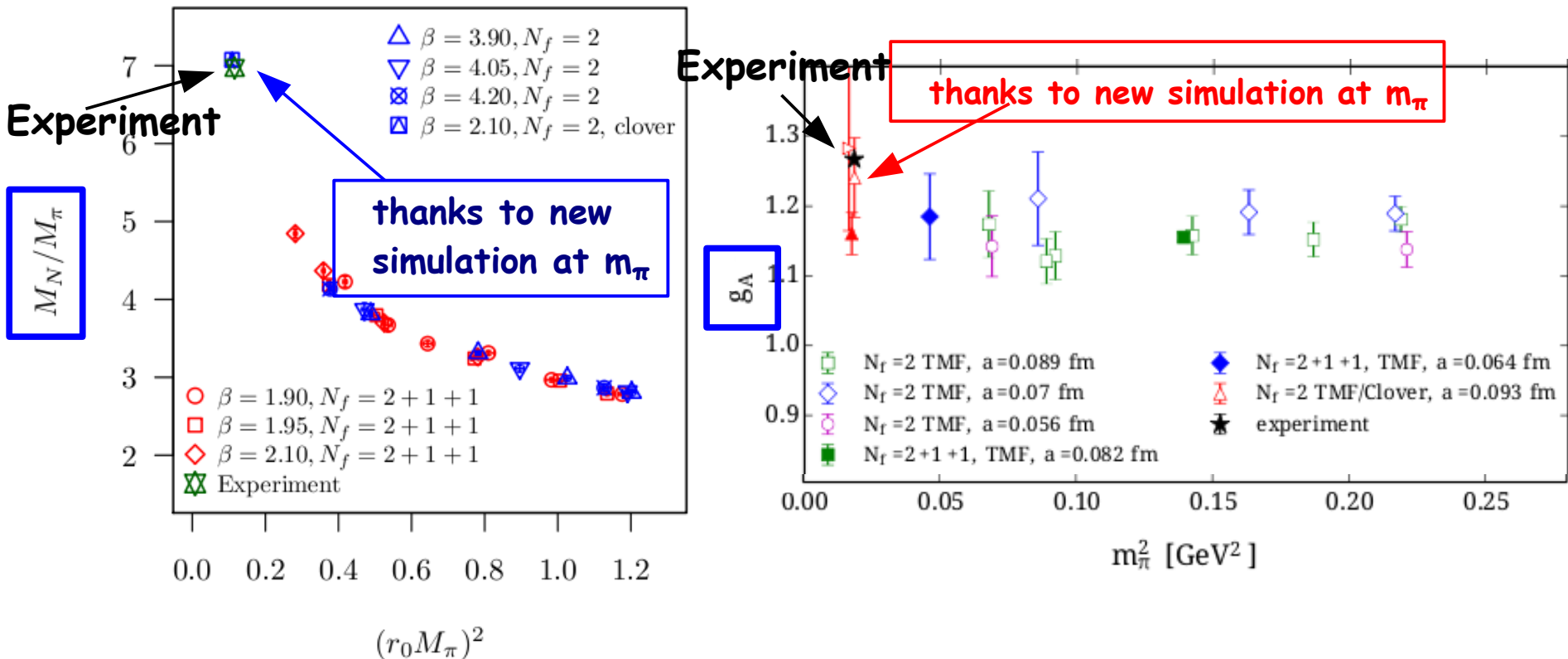
- simulations with **two physical light dynamical flavours** at one lattice spacing and on two large lattice volumes with physical dimension of 4.5 fm and 6.0 fm.
- fully realistic simulations with **two light & strange and charm dynamical flavours set as to reproduce physical π , K and D meson masses** at two lattice spacings and on large lattice volumes with physical dimension of about 5 fm.
- **Challenging simulation task:**
employ improved LQCD actions + advanced algorithms @ elevated CPU cost
- **The goal:**
Elimination of systematic uncertainties due to chiral extrapolation.
Employing LQCD data to check, not being guided by, ChPT arguments.

LQCD simulations with 4-dynamical quarks set at their phys. mass values compared with older simulations



(Ongoing simulations on Marconi-Cineca and SuperMUC-LSC)

LQCD simulations with 2-dynamical quarks set at their phys. mass values compared with older simulations



Crucial achievement of Lattice QCD:

physical quark lattice QCD simulations capable to achieve impressive accuracy and reproduce experimental values of important physical quantities.

Dynamical generation of elementary particle masses

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► **mass hierarchy problem**: deeper understanding animates BSM exploration.

• **A Novel Mechanism :**

Frezzotti & Rossi Phys. Rev. D92 (2015)

Mass generation seen as non-perturbative effect of $S \times SB$ phenomenon induced by an "irrelevant" chiral breaking operator →

dynamical generation of mass terms

• **Reproduce the mechanism in a toy-model tested with LQCD methods:**
 $SU(N_f=2)$ doublet of massless strongly interacting fermions coupled to **scalar field** through **Yukawa** interaction while allowing (d=6) **Wilson-type** term.

Numerical study on Galileo and Marconi-Cineca:

- adjust/test lattice action setup
- parameters tuning
- exploratory investigation of the mechanism on one lattice spacing

→ **Perfectly falsifiable BSM conjecture employing lattice methods**

Flavour Lattice Averaging Group (FLAG)

Eur.Phys.J. C77 (2017)

- ▶ **Review (covering about 400 pages) of lattice results relevant to low-energy physics and Flavour Physics Phenomenology of the SM**

FLAG collaboration comprises experts from USA, Europe and Japan in Lattice Field Theory, Chiral Perturbation Theory and Standard Model phenomenology.

- ➔ **Aim:** provide the most representative and reliable current determinations of a large number of QCD observables measured on the lattice.
- **Make LQCD results accessible to the particle-physics phenomenologists and experimentalists.**
- **FLAG collaboration is to provide updates, in the form of a peer reviewed publication, roughly on a biennial basis.**

Updates are regularly provided in the **FLAG website**

<http://itpwiki.unibe.ch/ag>

Conclusions and Outlook

- High precision determinations for B-decay constants and b-quark mass.
- Generation of LQCD simulations at the physical value of quark masses at three different lattice spacings and on several lattice volumes. First physics results relevant for the SM phenomenology.

A big and challenging project in progress comprising optimised algorithms, realisation of high CPU-cost LQCD simulations. Extension to large statistics targeting reduced uncertainties for physical observable determinations in the π , K and D region (2017).

- Numerical study of the dynamical generation mechanism of elementary fermion masses. This study will allow to prove (or disprove) the occurrence of the conjectured non-perturbative fermion mass generation phenomenon.
- Publication of an extended critical Review presenting world LQCD results. Provide representative summaries of results (and regular updates) for use from the particle phenomenology community.

Links to other Projects

- European Twisted Mass Collaboration: Fully realistic LQCD simulations
- ROM123 initiative: lattice QCD simulations with isospin breaking and EM effects
- Project LIBETOV: leading isospin breaking effects from Lattice QCD + QED (expired 2016)
- Collaboration with Bonn / Barcelona theory groups on the project concerning dynamical mass generation"
- FLAG collaboration: provide review and world lattice averages required in particle physics phenomenology
- Prace, regular call 2016; Gauss Center of Supercomputing (2016)

Synthesis of research impact

- Joint effort between LQCD theoretical computations and experimental measurements for improving the SM precision in the flavour sector.
- Various observable determinations by ETMC included in PDG and employed by the high energy community working in SM phenomenology and BSM models.
- Compilation and critical review of world LQCD results by FLAG Collaboration for use by the particle phenomenology community.

Publications in 2016

- [1] A. Bussone, N. Carrasco, P. Dimopoulos, R. Frezzotti, *et al.* [ETM Collaboration],
“*Mass of the b quark and B -meson decay constants from $N_f=2+1+1$ twisted-mass lattice QCD,*”
Phys. Rev. D **93** (2016) no.11, 114505 doi:10.1103/PhysRevD.93.114505

- [2] S. Aoki *et al.*, Eur. Phys. J. C **77** (2017) no.2, 112 doi:10.1140/epjc/s10052-016-4509-7

- [3] A. Abdel-Rehim, C. Alexandrou, F. Burger, M. Constantinou, P. Dimopoulos *et al.* [ETM Collaboration], “*Simulating QCD at the Physical Point with $N_f = 2$ Wilson Twisted Mass Fermions at Maximal Twist,*”
(submitted to Phys. Rev. D)

- [4] S. Capitani, GM De Divitiis, P. Dimopoulos, R. Frezzotti, *et al.*,
“*Check of a new non-perturbative mechanism for elementary fermion mass generation,*”
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- [5] L. Liu, S. Bacchio, P. Dimopoulos, J. Finkenrath *et al.*, [ETM Collaboration]
“*Isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ s -wave scattering length from twisted mass lattice QCD,*”
(submitted to Phys. Rev. D)

- [6] L. Liu, S. Bacchio, P. Dimopoulos, J. Finkenrath *et al.*, [ETM Collaboration]
“*Isospin-0 $\pi\pi$ scattering from twisted mass lattice QCD,*”
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Thank you for your attention