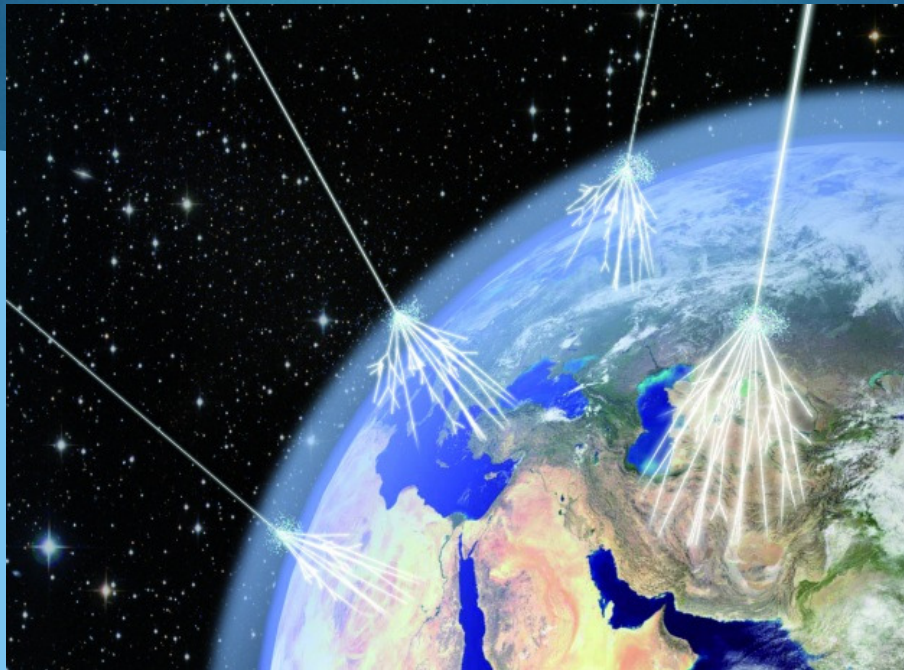


E.E.E. L'AQUILA TELESCOPES: A PRELIMINARY STUDY OF CORRELATION



I.I.S. Amedeo d'Aosta L'Aquila

ERICE MEETING 6-8 DECEMBER 2018

Telescope LAQU-02

L'Aquila (Italy) ($42^{\circ}21'19''$ N - $13^{\circ}24'49''$ E)



- THE LAQU-02 TELESCOPE HAS BEEN ONLINE SINCE MARCH 2009 INSIDE THE «D'AOSTA» INSTITUTE.
- IT'S VERY CLOSE TO THE OTHER TELESCOPE LAQU-01 (184m)

THE DAILY ACTIVITIES ARE:

- Ordinary maintenance
- Data Analysis
- Tutoring and training



DATA ANALYSIS of Telescopes LAQU-01 - LAQU-02

- From JUNE 2015 to OCTOBER 2016 the telescopes registered 2.6 million events.
- We analysed one week data between 8th and 14th October 2016 (73122 events).
- We analysed the track length and the time of flight of the events.
- The arrival time difference of the events in the two telescopes was also investigated.

TIME OF FLIGHT Distribution

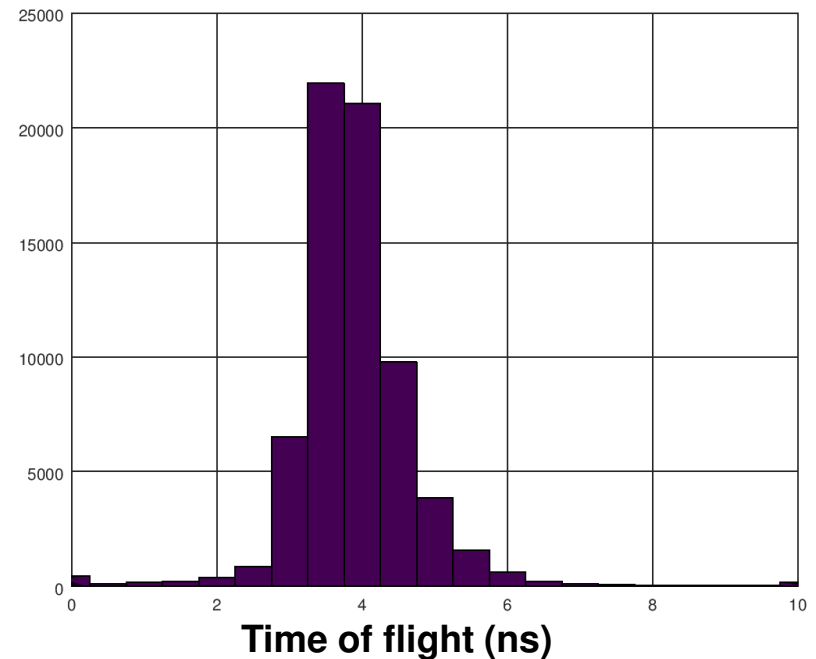
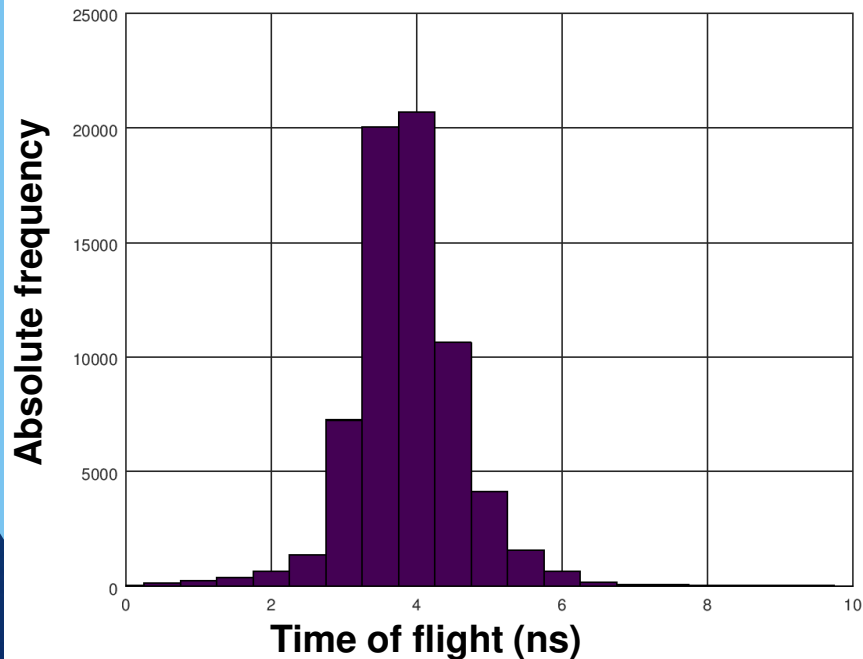
LAQU-01-LAQU-02 – 8-14/10/2016

Mean TIME OF FLIGHT $\approx 3,9$ ns
Standard deviation of TIME of FLIGHT $\approx 0,8$ ns

Mean of TIME OF FLIGHT $\approx 3,9$ ns
Standard Deviation of TIME of FLIGHT $\approx 0,7$ ns

LAQU -1

LAQU -2



TRACK LENGTH Distribution

LAQU-01-LAQU-02 – 8-14/10/2016

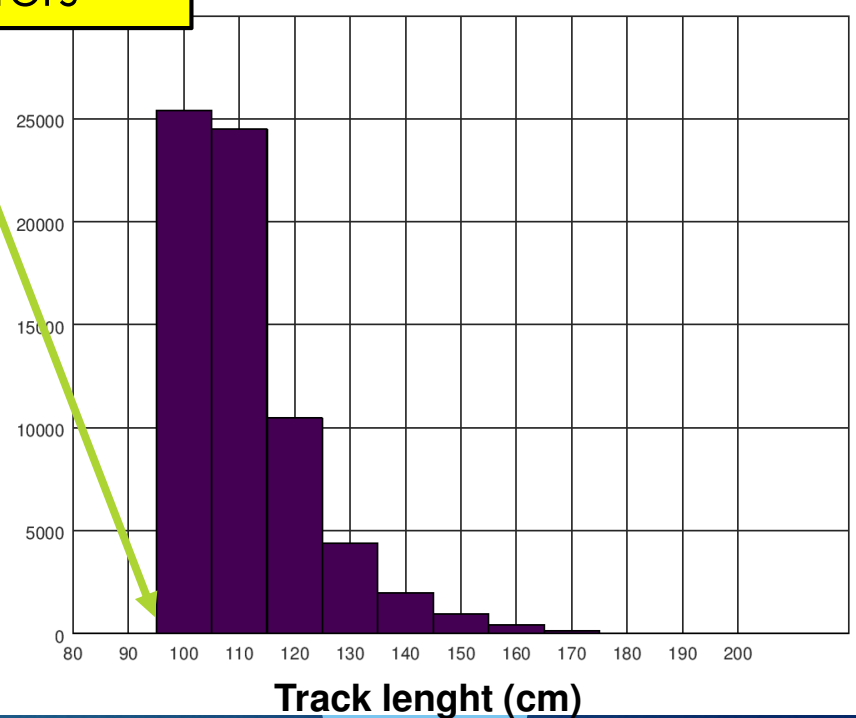
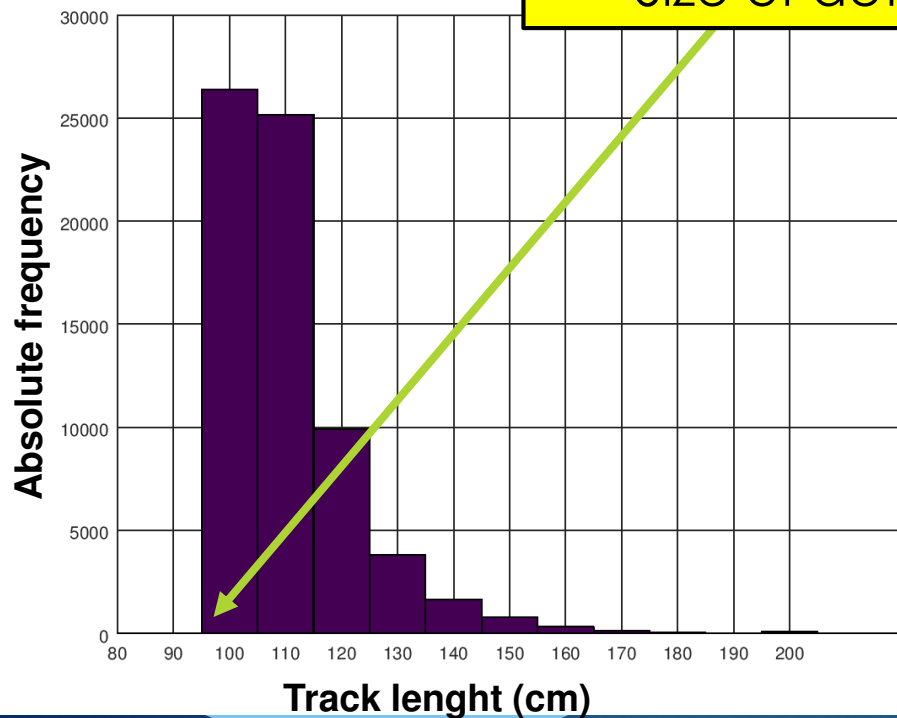
Mean of TRACK LENGTH \approx 111 cm
Standard Deviation of TRACK LENGTH \approx 12 cm

Mean of TRACK LENGTH \approx 111 cm
Standard Deviation of TRACK LENGTH \approx 11 cm

LAQU -1

LAQU -2

Size of detectors



SPEED ANALYSIS

$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{\langle \text{track length} \rangle}{\langle \text{time of flight} \rangle}$$

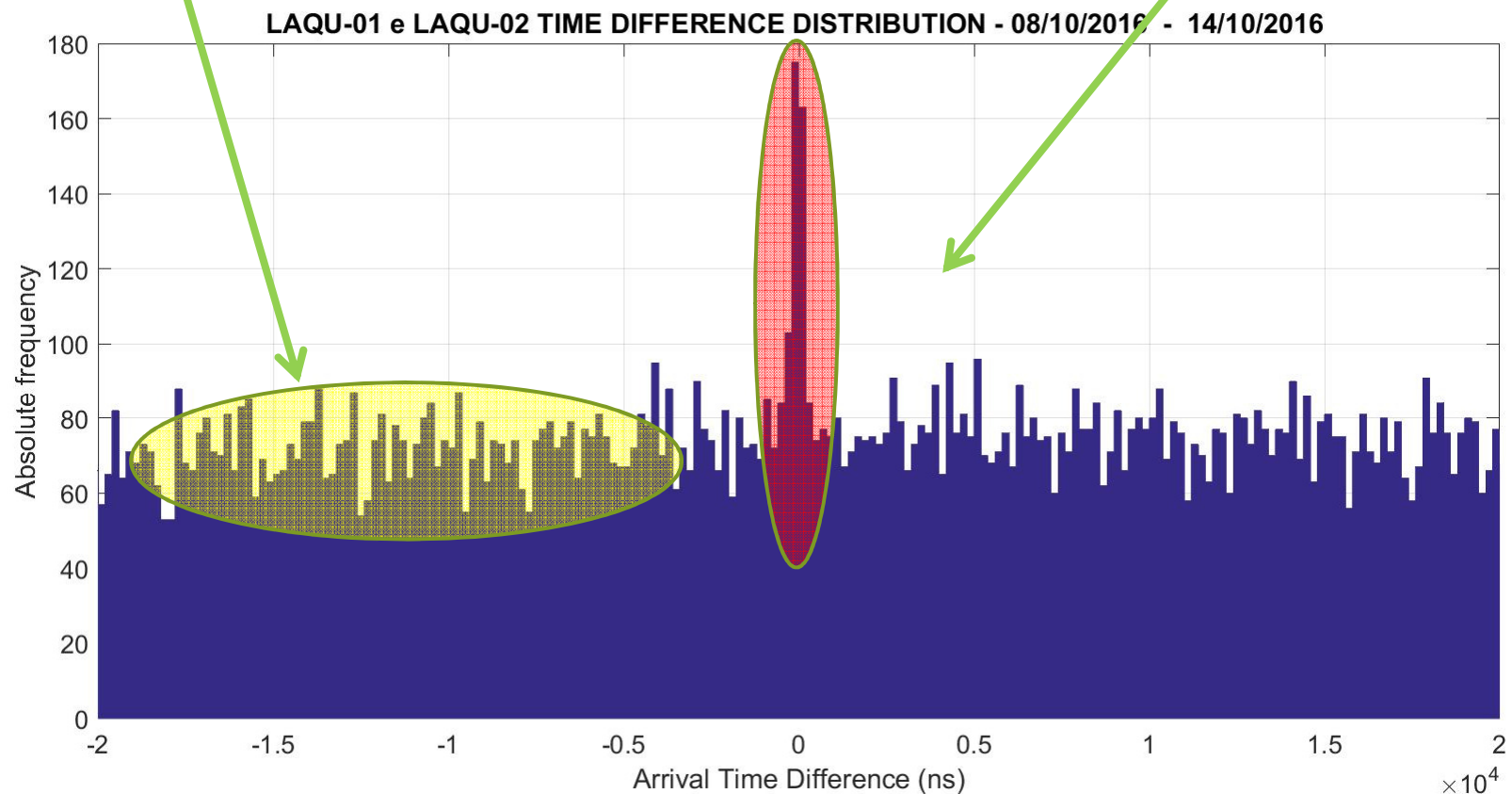
$$v = \frac{111}{3,9} = 28 \frac{\text{cm}}{\text{ns}} \cong 0,95 c$$

WORK IN PROGRESS ABOUT VELOCITY AND ENERGY

Arrival Time Difference Distribution

BIN WIDTH = 200 ns
BACKGROUND MEAN = 73
BACKGROUND STANDARD DEVIATION = 10

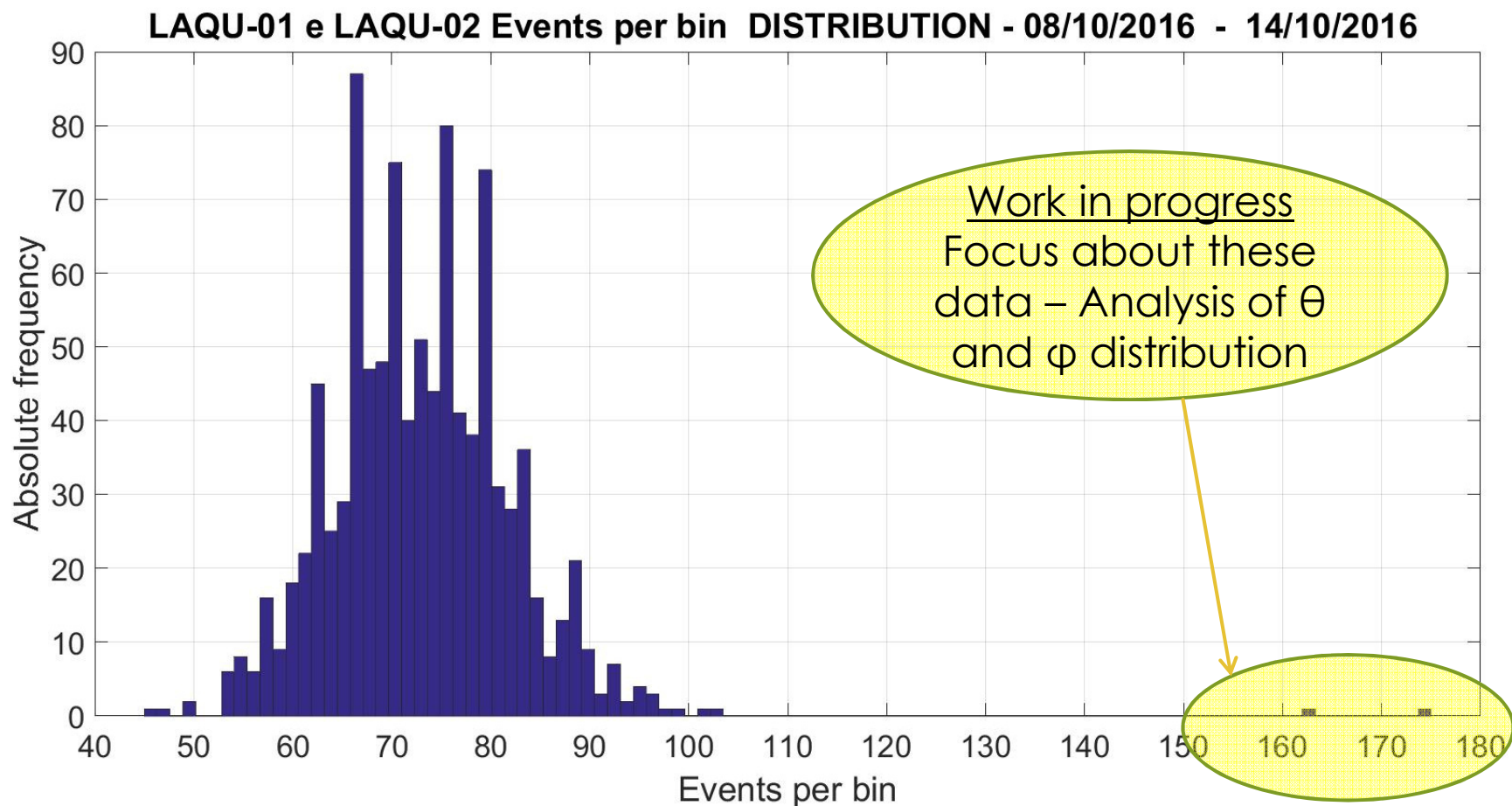
606 EVENTS IN THE RANGE
[-500 500] ns (5 BIN)



ANALYSIS OF COINCIDENCES

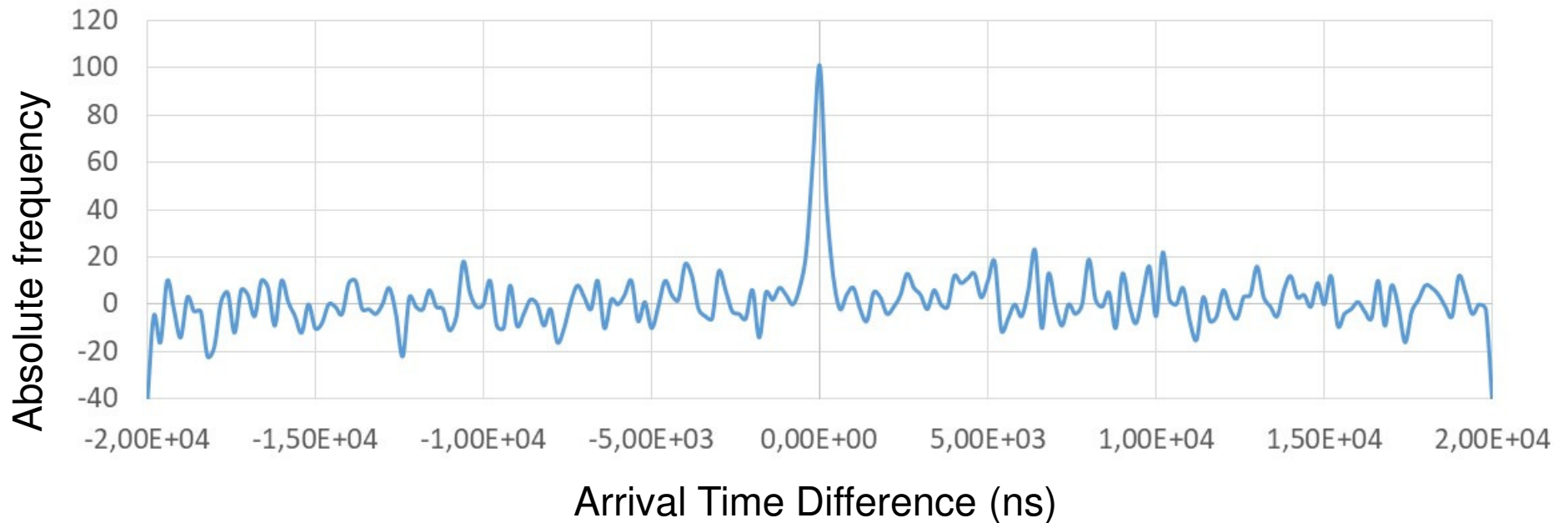
Telescopes LAQU-01 - LAQU-02

- The distribution shows 2 bins (central bins) particularly interesting.



Arrival Time Difference Distribution signal-background

241 EVENTS IN THE RANGE $[-500\ 500]$ ns (5 BIN)
corresponding to about 60 events for day



DATA ANALYSIS of COINCIDENCES

Telescopes LAQU-01 - LAQU-02

- We analysed the events of telescopes with a arrival time difference between -500 and 500 ns.

TIME OF FLIGHT Distribution

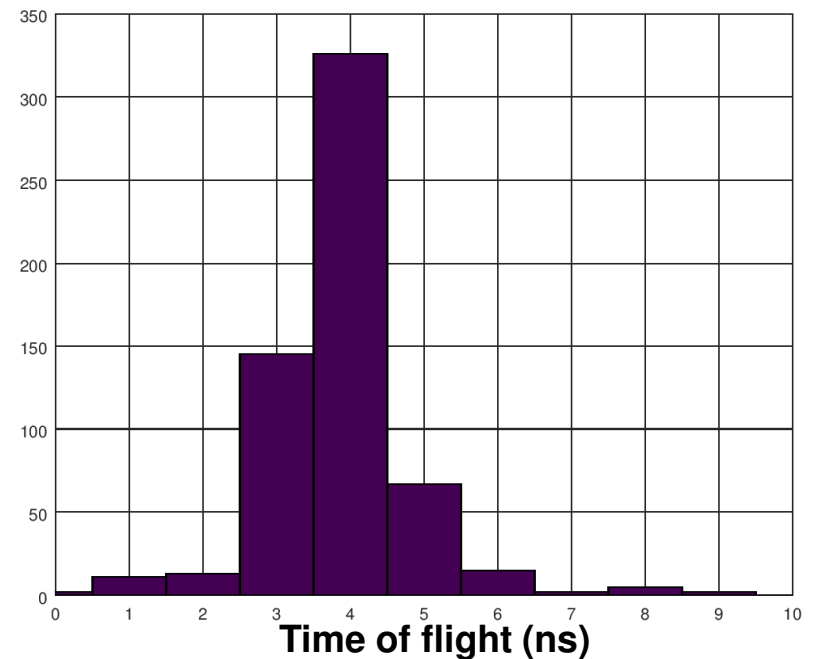
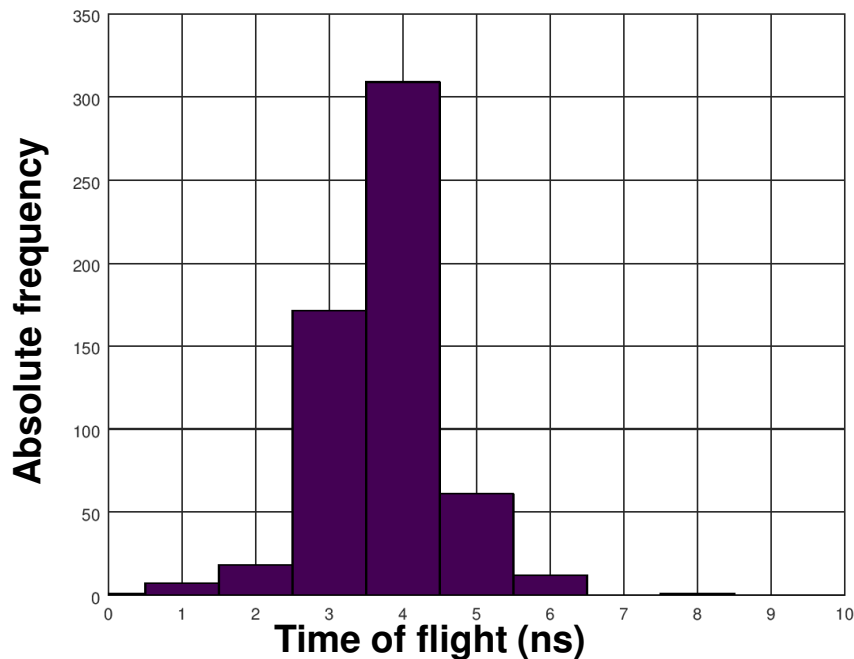
LAQU-01-LAQU-02 – 8-14/10/2016

Mean of TIME OF FLIGHT ≈ 3.8 ns
Standard deviation of TIME of FLIGHT ≈ 0.8 ns

Mean of TIME OF FLIGHT ≈ 3.9 ns
Standard deviation of TIME of FLIGHT ≈ 0.9 ns

LAQU -1

LAQU -2



TRACK LENGTH Distribution

LAQU-01-LAQU-02 – 8-14/10/2016

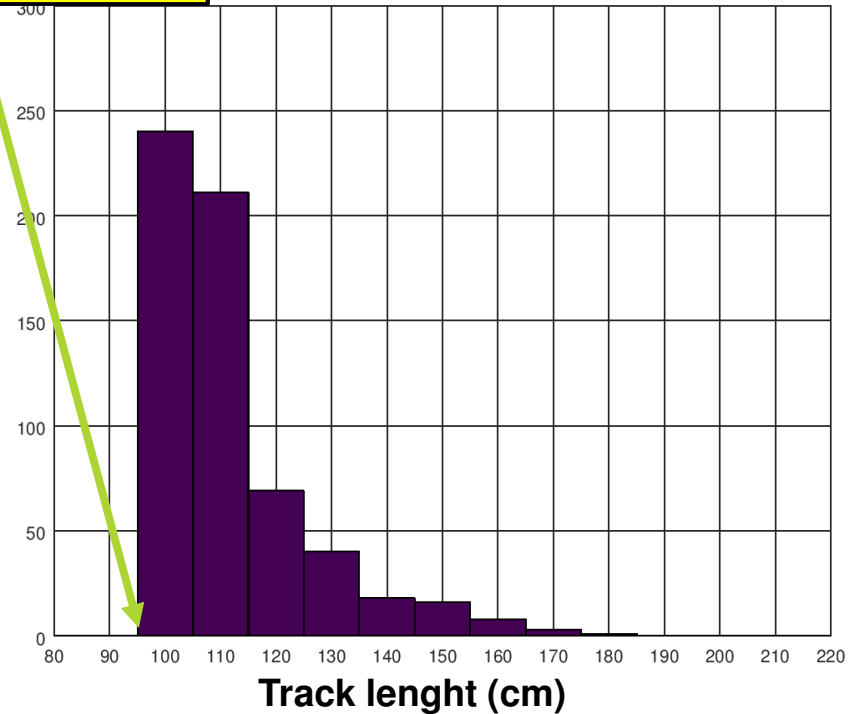
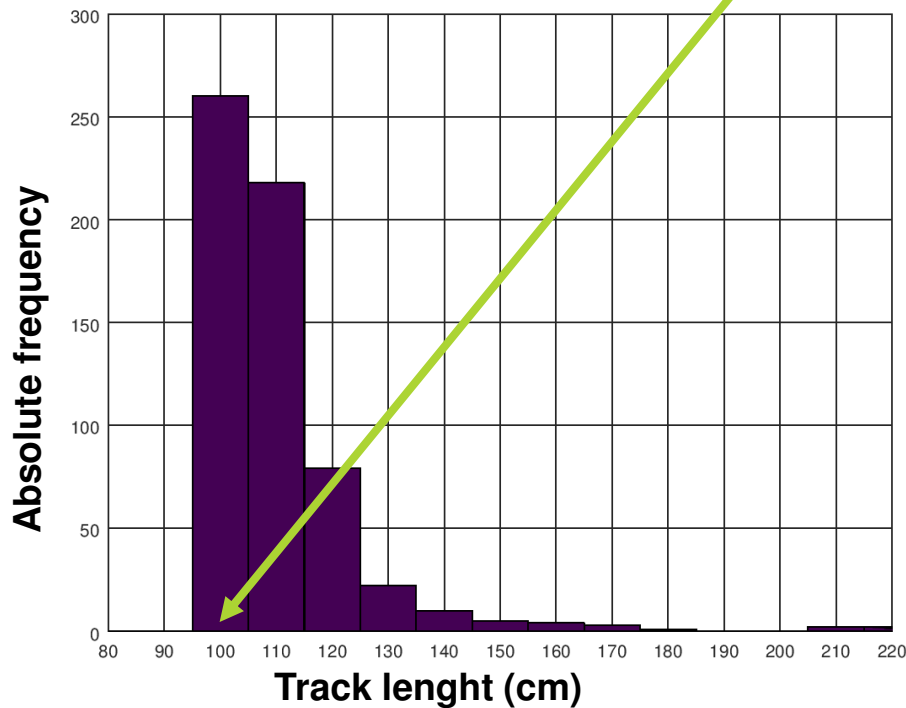
Mean of TRACK LENGTH ≈ 111 cm
Standard deviation of TRACK LENGTH ≈ 12 cm

Mean of TRACK LENGTH ≈ 111 cm
Standard deviation of TRACK LENGTH ≈ 12 cm

LAQU -1

Size of detectors

LAQU -2



SPEED ANALYSIS

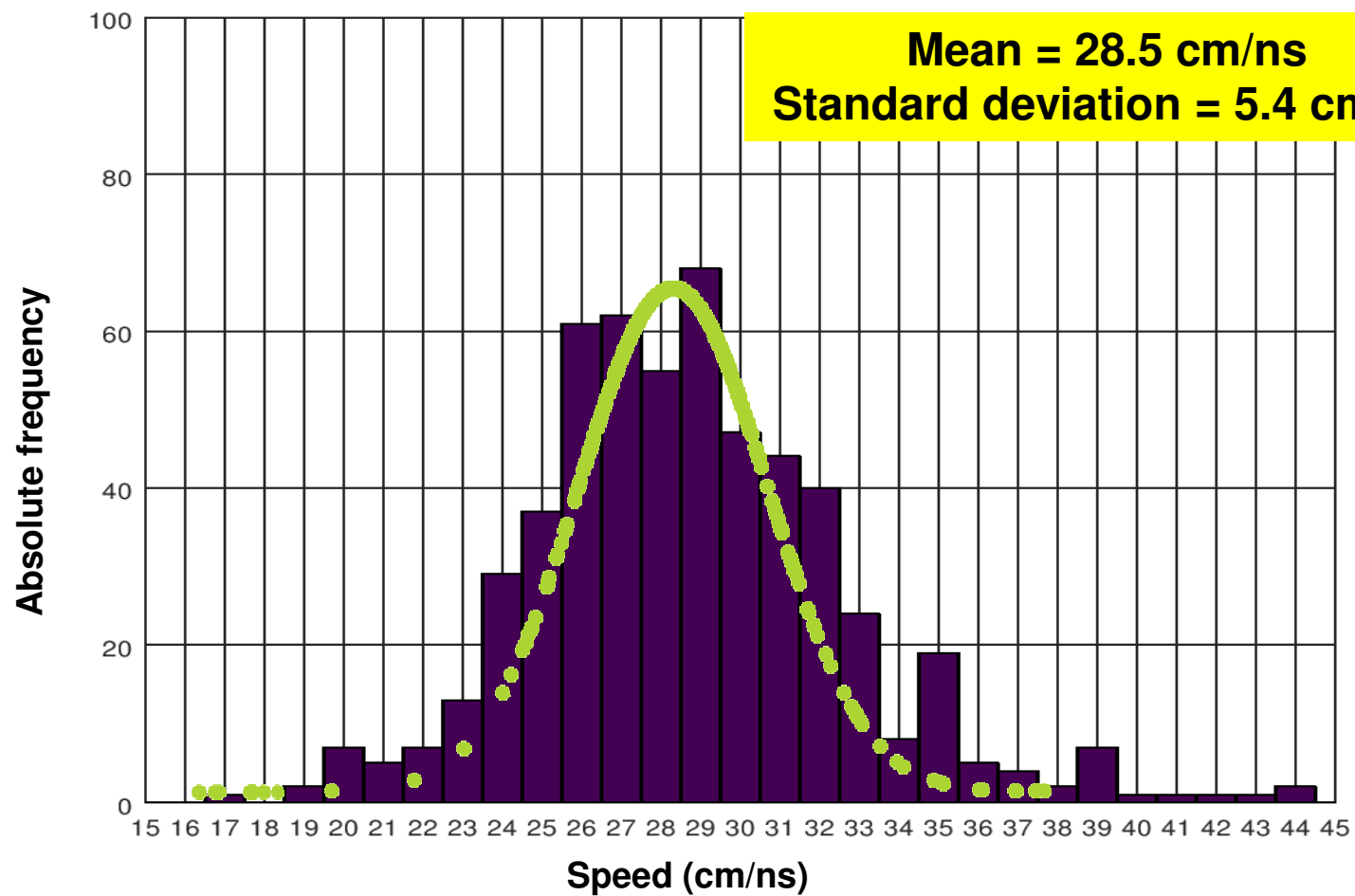
$$v = \frac{s}{t} = \frac{\langle \text{track length} \rangle}{\langle \text{time of flight} \rangle}$$

The speed of muons has been calculated by the ratio of track length and time of flight for each track

WORK IN PROGRESS ABOUT VELOCITY AND ENERGY

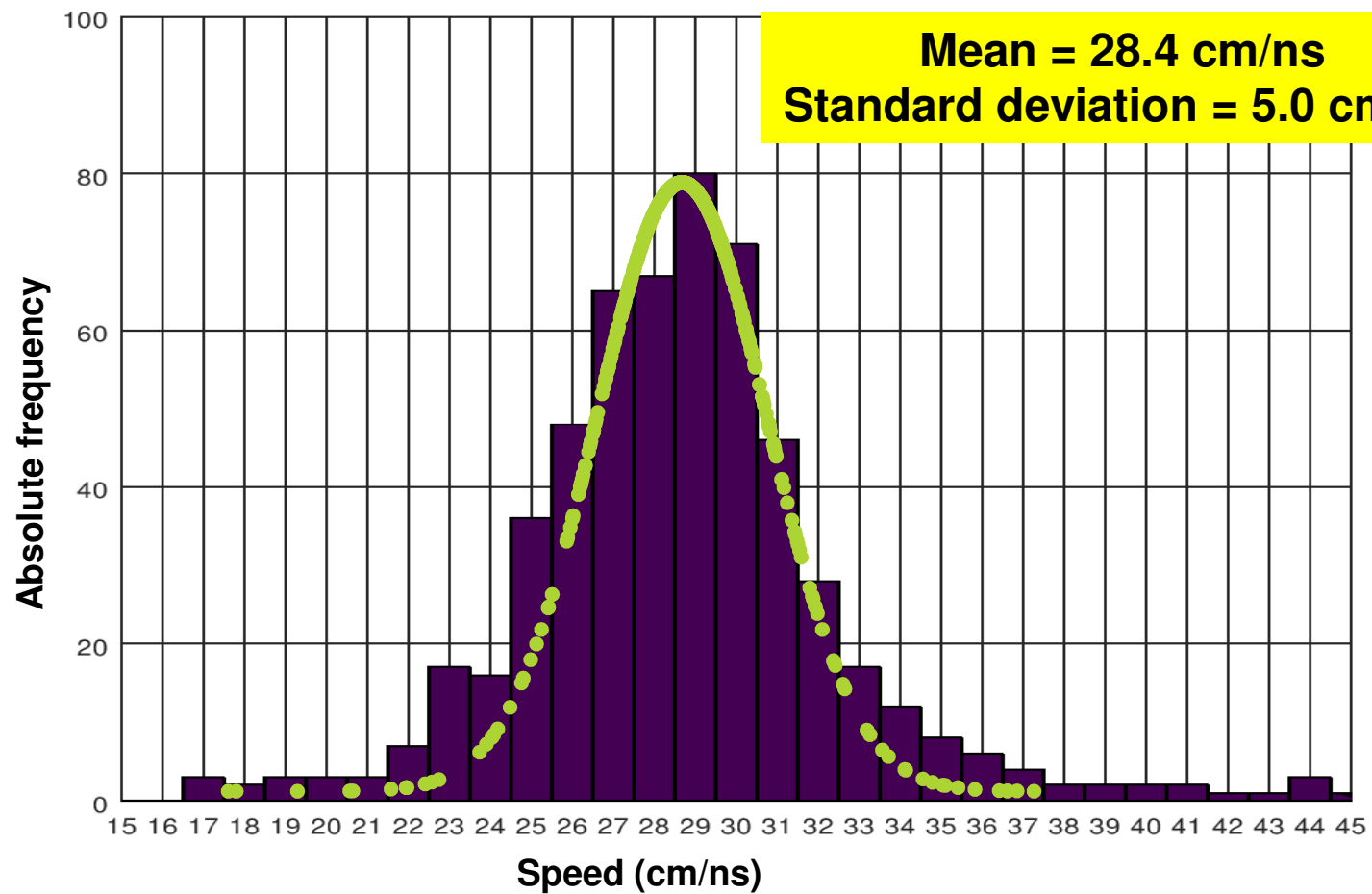
SPEED ANALYSIS LAQU – 1

8-14/10/2016



SPEED ANALYSIS LAQU – 2

8-14/10/2016



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